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Measurement and Fit Guide

Helpful Tips

The best way to determine a size that will fit well is to get from your closet a favourite pair and make minor adjustments for a better fit.

Button and zip it up and lay it flat with legs spread and straight on a flat surface.

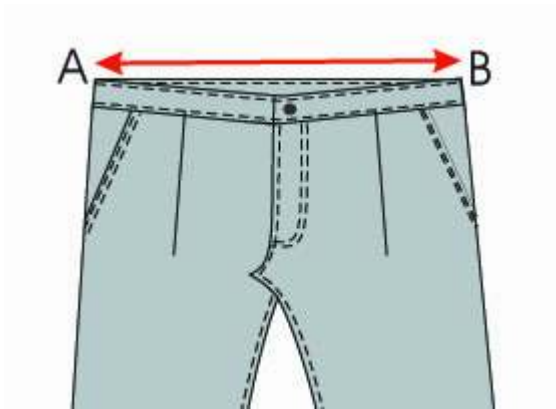
When Measuring, keep the garment relaxed and do not stretch.

Do not measure over belts or pockets which have items in them.

Use the start point of tape to begin the measurements.

Make sure the tape is pulled straight without any sagging.

Trousers and jeans



Measuring the waist

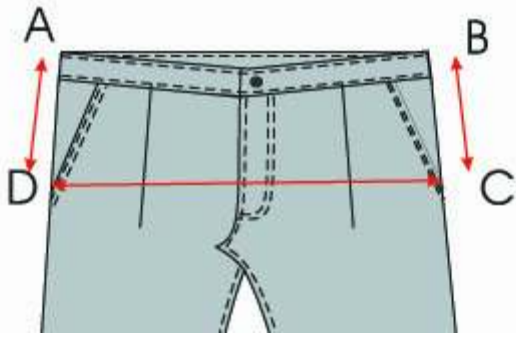
Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor.

Step 3: Measure from one side of the waist to the other - From Point A to point B in the attached diagram.

Step 4: The total distance of this measurement multiplied by 2 is the Waist Measurement.

WAIST MEASUREMENT = _____



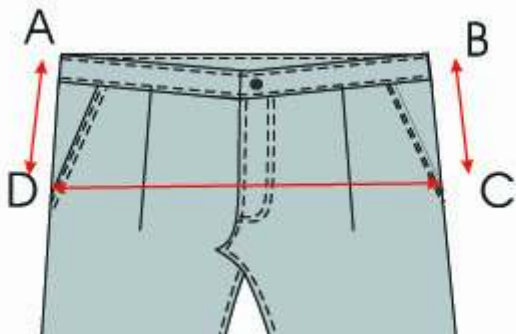
Measuring Waist to Hip

This is a measurement from the top of the Waistband to the fullest or widest part of the jean/trouser. You may need to wear the garment and mark on side seams with chalk or a masking tape the fullest or widest part. Points C and D on the attached diagram.

Make a note of this distance - from Points A to D or Points B to C.

This distance is called the Waist to Hip Measurement Position.

WAIST TO HIP DISTANCE = _____



Measuring Hip Measurement

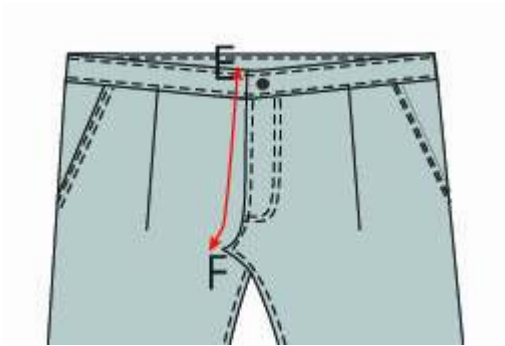
Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure the distance between the two Hip Measurement points as above - Points C and D.

Step 4: Multiply this measurement by 2 to get the Hip Measurement.

HIP MEASUREMENT = _____



Measuring Front Rise

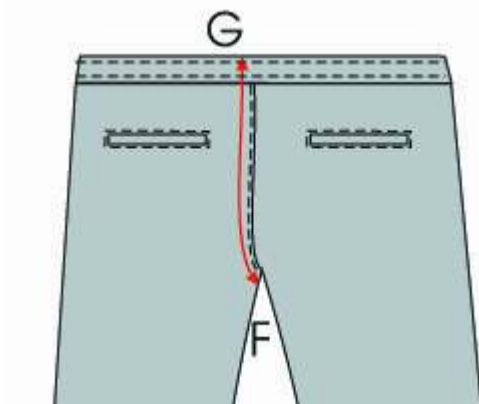
Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure from the crotch - Point F in the attached Diagram (the point where the inseams meet) to the top of the waistband - from Point F to Point E

This measurement is known as the Front Rise

FRONT RISE = _____



Measuring Back Rise

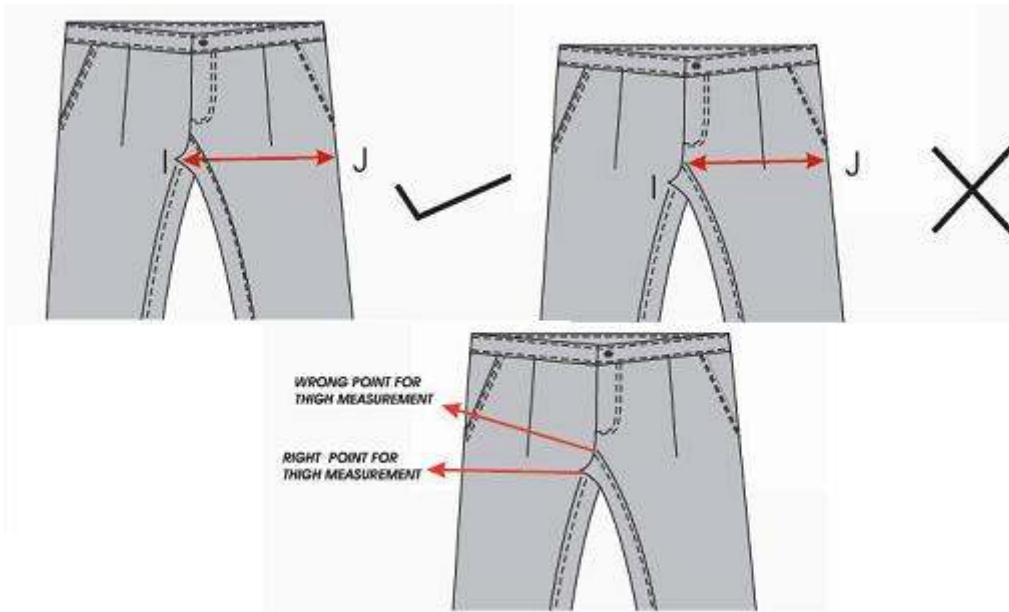
Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure from the crotch - Point F in the attached Diagram (the point where the inseams meet) to the top of the waistband - from Point F to Point G

This measurement is known as Back Rise

BACK RISE = _____



Measuring Thigh

Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

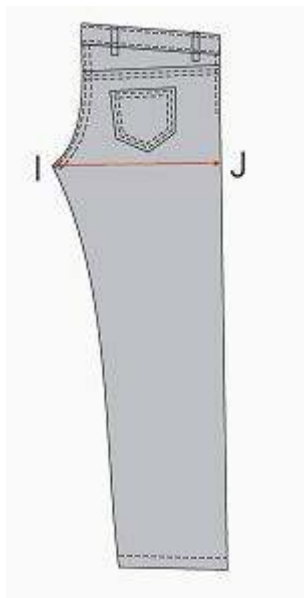
Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure from the crotch - Point I in the attached Diagram to the outside of the leg parallel to the waist band - From Point I to Point J.

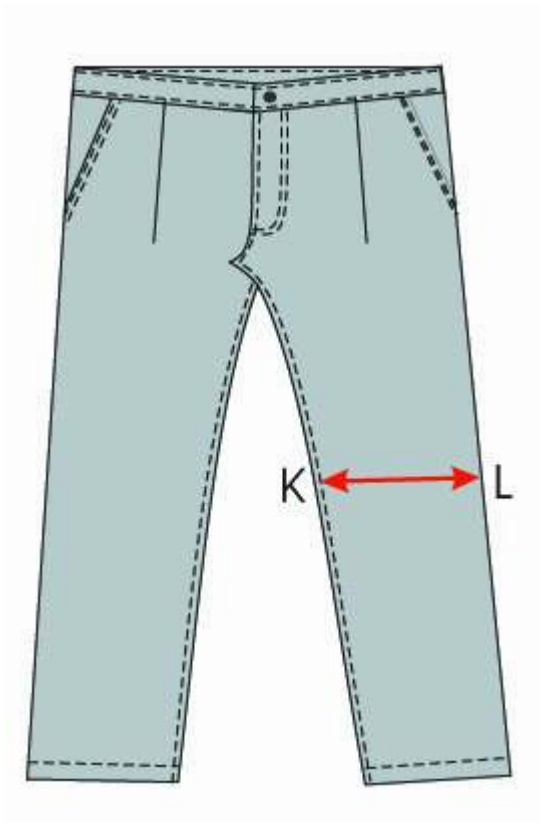
Step 4: Multiply this measurement by 2 to get the Thigh Measurement

Measuring Thighcontinued

Another way is to lay the trousers flat, with the front and back creased smooth. Measure across the width of trousers thigh and double the measurement.



THIGH MEASUREMENT = _____



Measuring Knee

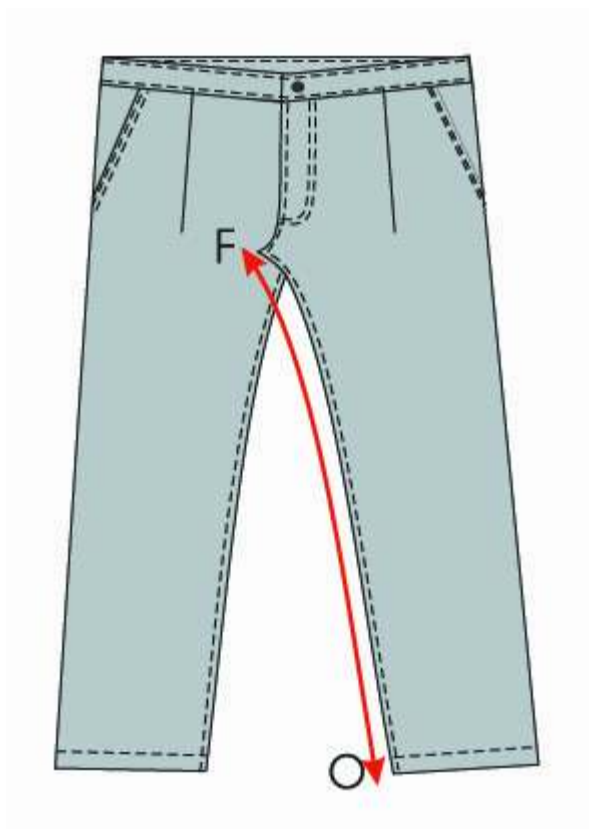
Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: The knee is positioned about half way down from Crotch to hem. Thus measure the distance between Points K and L.

Step 4: Multiply this measurement by 2 to get the Knee Measurement.

KNEE MEASUREMENT = _____



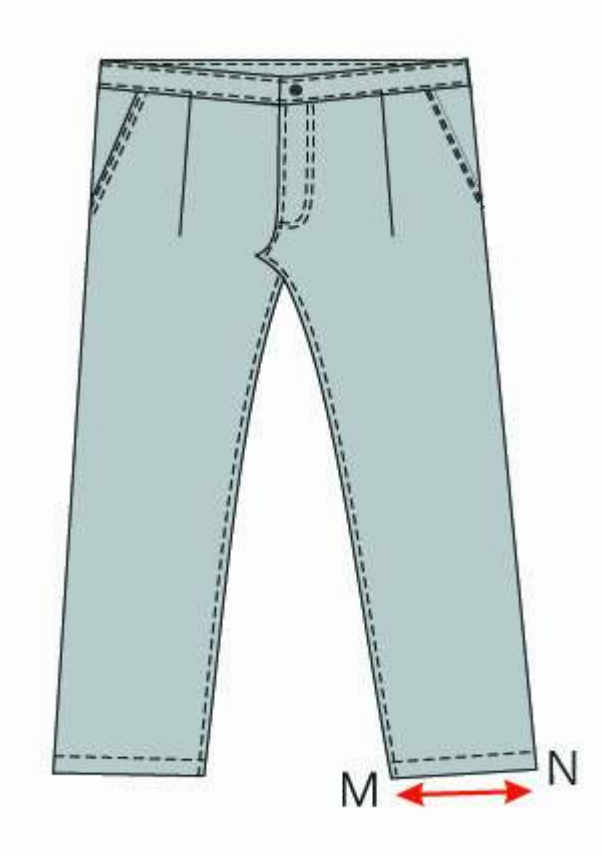
Measuring Inseam / Inside Leg

Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure the inseam distance from Crotch, where the front and back seams meet - Point F - to the bottom of the leg at the length you wish to wear bearing in mind whether you wish to cover the boots or shoes. This distance between points F to O is the inseam measurement.

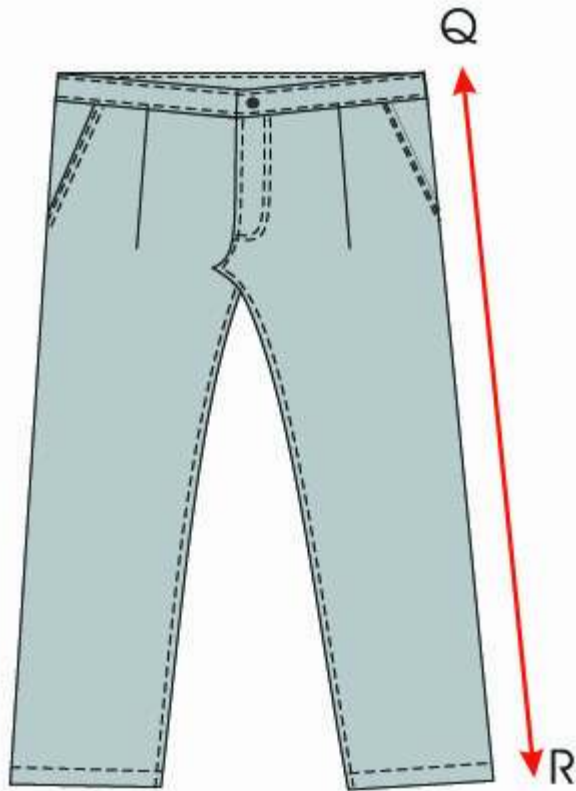
INSEAM = _____



Measuring leg Opening

1. Lay the trouser/jean flat on a table with outseams at both edges.
2. Measure from one side of the leg opening to the other side - from Point M to N in the attached diagram.
3. Multiply this measurement by 2 to get The Leg opening Measurement.

LEG OPENING/HEM = _____



Measuring the Outseam - The outside length of the garment

Step 1: Button up the jean/trouser you are measuring.

Step 2: Lay the garment out flat on a table/floor with outseams at both edges. Take care to pull any wrinkles and fullness from the back panels.

Step 3: Measure the distance from the top of the waist band to the bottom of the hem - Points Q to R.

This distance is the Outseam or The Length of the garment.

FIT TIP - The length should be long enough so that trousers bottom touch or cover the shoes as required. (FIT TIP - The length should be long enough so that the trousers bottoms touch the shoe all the way around.)

OUTSEAM INCLUDING WAIST BAND = _____

FITS

Classic fit

our best selling classic fit with some give through the thighs and tapered at the bottom to give a professional and crisp / traditional look

Relaxed Fit

more generous than our classic fit in the thigh and through the leg and tapered at the bottom.